AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Resolution: 129 (A-19)

$\begin{array}{c}1&2&3&4&5&6&7\\&8&9&10&112&13&14&15&6&7\\&1&1&2&2&2&2&2&2&2\\&2&3&2&4&2&5&2&2&2\\&2&3&3&3&3&3&3&3&3\\&3&3&3&3&3&3&3$	Introduced by:	Texas
	Subject:	The Benefits of Importation of International Pharmaceutical Medications
	Referred to:	Reference Committee A (John Montgomery, MD, Chair)
	Whereas, The cost of basic prescription drugs in the United States is among the highest in the world due to market exclusivity and a lack of payer negotiating power; and	
	Whereas, These prescription drug prices impose a substantial financial burden on consumers and represent a significant cause of nonadherence, resulting in worsened health outcomes; and	
	Whereas, There is bipartisan support for prescription drug importation programs; and	
	Whereas, Several states are considering passing legislation or already have legislation that allows for wholesale importation or purchasing of prescription drugs; and	
	Whereas, State legislation allowing for wholesale importation of prescription drugs could save money for both private sector and state-funded insurance programs; and	
		s from Arizona, New Mexico, California, Texas, and other states already are escription drugs from pharmacies in Mexico and other countries; and
	Whereas, A 2015 study by the United States International Trade Commission estimates that close to 1 million people in California alone cross to Mexico annually for health care, including to buy prescription drugs; ¹ and	
	Fomento Sanitaria Protection Branch working to strengt	the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, the Subsecretaría de Regulación y of the Secretaría de Salud of the United Mexican States, and the Health of Health Canada signed a memorandum of cooperation that includes then existing mutual cooperation in the scientific and regulatory areas of s including drugs and biologics; ⁱⁱ and
	Whereas, The increasing illegal importation of drugs from Mexico could be controlled by a legal process that would protect the health and well-being of patients; and	
	Whereas, Our American Medical Association's existing drug importation policy D-100.983 focuses solely on importation of prescription drugs from Canada; therefore be it	
	importation for pe	t our American Medical Association study the implications of prescription drug rsonal use and wholesale prescription drug purchase across our southern and (Directive to Take Action)

Fiscal Note: Not yet determined Received: 05/24/19

RELEVANT AMA POLICY

Prescription Drug Importation and Patient Safety D-100.983

Our AMA will:

(1) support the legalized importation of prescription drug products by wholesalers and pharmacies only if: (a) all drug products are Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and meet all other FDA regulatory requirements, pursuant to United States laws and regulations; (b) the drug distribution chain is "closed," and all drug products are subject to reliable, "electronic" track and trace technology; and (c) the Congress grants necessary additional authority and resources to the FDA to ensure the authenticity and integrity of prescription drugs that are imported;

(2) oppose personal importation of prescription drugs via the Internet until patient safety can be assured;
(3) review the recommendations of the forthcoming report of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Task Force on Drug Importation and, as appropriate, revise its position on whether or how patient safety can be assured under legalized drug importation;

(4) educate its members regarding the risks and benefits associated with drug importation and reimportation efforts;

(5) support the in-person purchase and importation of Health Canada-approved prescription drugs obtained directly from a licensed Canadian pharmacy when product integrity can be assured, provided such drugs are for personal use and of a limited quantity; and

(6) advocate for an increase in funding for the US Food and Drug Administration to administer and enforce a program that allows the in-person purchase and importation of prescription drugs from Canada, if the integrity of prescription drug products imported for personal use can be assured.

Citation: BOT Rep. 3, I-04; Reaffirmation A-09; Reaffirmed in lieu of: Res. 817, I-16; Appended: CMS Rep. 01, I-18

Pharmaceutical Quality Control for Foreign Medications D-100.977

Our AMA will call upon Congress to provide the US Food and Drug Administration with the necessary authority and resources to ensure that imported drugs are safe for American consumers and patients. Citation: Res. 508, A-08;A-16;A-16

ⁱ USITC. Trends In U.S. Health Travel Services Trade. August 2015.

www.usitc.gov/publications/332/executive briefings/chambers health-related travel_final.pdf FDA. Mexico and Canada, cooperation in the Scientific and Regulatory Fields of Health. Oct. 30, 1995. www.fda.gov/internationalprograms/cooperative-arrangements/fda-mexico-and-canada-cooperation-scientific-and-regulatory-fields-health