The Honorable Robert S. Lasnik 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON 8 AT SEATTLE 9 10 11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, NO. CR20-110 RSL 12 Plaintiff. 13 PLEA AGREEMENT V. 14 IVAN ARMENTA. 15 Defendant. 16 17 18 The United States of America, by and through Brian T. Moran, United States Attorney for the Western District of Washington, and Lyndsie R. Schmalz, Assistant 19 United States Attorney for said District, Defendant IVAN ARMENTA, and Defendant's 20 attorney, Nicholas Marchi, enter into the following Agreement, pursuant to Federal Rule 21 of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(A) and (B): 22 23 The Charge(s). Defendant, having been advised of the right to have this matter tried before a jury, agrees to waive that right and enters a plea of guilty to 24 Distribution of Fentanyl, as charged in Count 3 of the Indictment, in violation of Title 21, 25

By entering a plea of guilty, Defendant hereby waives all objections to the form of

the charging document. Defendant further understands that before entering any guilty

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United States Code, Section 841(a)(1) and (b)(1)(C).

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plea, Defendant will be placed under oath. Any statement given by Defendant under oath may be used by the United States in a prosecution for perjury or false statement.

2. Elements of the Offense(s). The elements of the offense of Distribution of Fentanyl, as charged in Count 3 of the Indictment, to which Defendant is pleading guilty are as follows:

First, the defendant knowingly distributed fentanyl; and Second, the defendant knew that it was fentanyl or some other federally controlled substance.

3. The Penalties. Defendant understands that the statutory penalties applicable to the Distribution of Fentanyl, as charged in Count 3, are as follows: A maximum term of imprisonment of up to 20 years, a fine of up to \$1,000,000, a period of supervision following release from prison of at least 3 years, and a mandatory special assessment of \$100 dollars. If a probationary sentence is imposed, the probation period can be for up to five (5) years.

Defendant understands that supervised release is a period of time following imprisonment during which Defendant will be subject to certain restrictive conditions and requirements. Defendant further understands that, if supervised release is imposed and Defendant violates one or more of the conditions or requirements, Defendant could be returned to prison for all or part of the term of supervised release that was originally imposed. This could result in Defendant serving a total term of imprisonment greater than the statutory maximum stated above.

Defendant understands that as a part of any sentence, in addition to any term of imprisonment and/or fine that is imposed, the Court may order Defendant to pay restitution to any victim of the offense, as required by law.

Defendant further understands that the consequences of pleading guilty may include the forfeiture of certain property, either as a part of the sentence imposed by the Court, or as a result of civil judicial or administrative process.

Defendant agrees that any monetary penalty the Court imposes, including the special assessment, fine, costs, or restitution, is due and payable immediately and further agrees to submit a completed Financial Statement of Debtor form as requested by the United States Attorney's Office.

Defendant understands that, if pleading guilty to a felony drug offense, Defendant will become ineligible for certain food stamp and Social Security benefits as directed by Title 21, United States Code, Section 862a.

- 4. Immigration Consequences. Defendant recognizes that pleading guilty may have consequences with respect to Defendant's immigration status if Defendant is not a citizen of the United States. Under federal law, a broad range of crimes are grounds for removal, and some offenses make removal from the United States presumptively mandatory. Removal and other immigration consequences are the subject of a separate proceeding, and Defendant understands that no one, including Defendant's attorney and the Court, can predict with certainty the effect of a guilty plea on immigration status. Defendant nevertheless affirms that Defendant wants to plead guilty regardless of any immigration consequences that Defendant's guilty plea(s) may entail, even if the consequence is Defendant's mandatory removal from the United States.
- 5. **Rights Waived by Pleading Guilty.** Defendant understands that by pleading guilty, Defendant knowingly and voluntarily waives the following rights:
 - a. The right to plead not guilty and to persist in a plea of not guilty;
 - b. The right to a speedy and public trial before a jury of Defendant's peers;
 - c. The right to the effective assistance of counsel at trial, including, if Defendant could not afford an attorney, the right to have the Court appoint one for Defendant;
 - d. The right to be presumed innocent until guilt has been established beyond a reasonable doubt at trial;

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- e. The right to confront and cross-examine witnesses against Defendant at trial;
- f. The right to compel or subpoena witnesses to appear on Defendant's behalf at trial;
- g. The right to testify or to remain silent at trial, at which trial such silence could not be used against Defendant; and
- h. The right to appeal a finding of guilt or any pretrial rulings.
- 6. United States Sentencing Guidelines. Defendant understands and acknowledges that the Court must consider the sentencing range calculated under the United States Sentencing Guidelines and possible departures under the Sentencing Guidelines together with the other factors set forth in Title 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a), including: (1) the nature and circumstances of the offense(s); (2) the history and characteristics of Defendant; (3) the need for the sentence to reflect the seriousness of the offense(s), to promote respect for the law, and to provide just punishment for the offense(s); (4) the need for the sentence to afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct; (5) the need for the sentence to protect the public from further crimes of Defendant; (6) the need to provide Defendant with educational and vocational training, medical care, or other correctional treatment in the most effective manner; (7) the kinds of sentences available; (8) the need to provide restitution to victims; and (9) the need to avoid unwarranted sentence disparity among defendants involved in similar conduct who have similar records. Accordingly, Defendant understands and acknowledges that:
- a. The Court will determine Defendant's Sentencing Guidelines range at the time of sentencing;
- b. After consideration of the Sentencing Guidelines and the factors in 18 U.S.C. 3553(a), the Court may impose any sentence authorized by law, up to the maximum term authorized by law;

- c. The Court is not bound by any recommendation regarding the sentence to be imposed, or by any calculation or estimation of the Sentencing Guidelines range offered by the parties or the United States Probation Department, or by any stipulations or agreements between the parties in this Plea Agreement; and
- d. Defendant may not withdraw a guilty plea solely because of the sentence imposed by the Court.
- 7. **Ultimate Sentence**. Defendant acknowledges that no one has promised or guaranteed what sentence the Court will impose.
- 8. **Statement of Facts**. The parties agree on the following facts. Defendant admits Defendant is guilty of the charged offense(s):
 - a. The defendant, IVAN ARMENTA, knowingly distributed blue counterfeit Percocet 30 pills ("Perc 30") containing fentanyl to a Navy sailor, causing the sailor's death. ARMENTA procured the counterfeit Perc 30s from Chase Friedrich and knew that the pills contained controlled substances.
 - b. In April 2020, ARMENTA was a sailor in the Navy, stationed on a ship docked at Naval Base Kitsap. In early April 2020, ARMENTA left his ship and drove to Des Moines, Washington, where he purchased 15 counterfeit Perc 30s from Friedrich. Each counterfeit Perc 30 weighed approximately .106 grams. ARMENTA returned to his ship and sold the pills to the victim and other sailors for \$25 a pill, a markup of \$5 a pill. ARMENTA became sick after taking one of these pills, but no one overdosed or died from taking these pills in early April.
 - c. On April 17, 2020, ARMENTA left his ship and again drove to Des Moines, Washington, where he purchased another 15 counterfeit Perc 30s from Friedrich. ARMENTA paid Friedrich \$380 in cash for the counterfeit Perc 30s and, when he returned to his ship later that afternoon, he provided them to the victim and other sailors. ARMENTA planned to collect \$25 per pill from the other sailors.
 - d. On April 18, 2020, the victim was found unresponsive in his workspace on the Navy ship. He was pronounced deceased at the scene by first responders, and two blue counterfeit Perc 30s containing fentanyl and acetaminophen obtained from ARMENTA were found in the pocket of his uniform. A later autopsy confirmed the presence of fentanyl and its

metabolites, cutting agents, and lidocaine in the victim's blood, and the Medical Examiner's opinion is that the victim died of fentanyl intoxication.

- e. Two other sailors became violently ill from taking the counterfeit Perc 30s that they obtained from ARMENTA, and one sailor had to be administered Narcan for an overdose.
- f. On April 15, 2020, three days before the victim's death, ARMENTA received an Instagram message from an acquaintance in San Diego warning him about counterfeit Perc 30s. This message read: "You g those are pressed, watch out with pressed percs I've already got 3 customers that have died from fentanyl overdoses."

The parties agree that the Court may consider additional facts contained in the Presentence Report (subject to standard objections by the parties) and/or that may be presented by the United States or Defendant at the time of sentencing, and that the factual statement contained herein is not intended to limit the facts that the parties may present to the Court at the time of sentencing.

- 10. **Sentencing Factors**. The parties agree that the following Sentencing Guidelines provisions apply to the offense of Distribution of Fentanyl, as charged in Count 3, in this case:
 - a. A base level of at least 12, pursuant to USSG § 2D1.1(c), based on the Defendant's crime involving 30 pills containing fentanyl weighing 3.18 grams, but could arguably be 38, pursuant to USSG § 2D1.1(a)(2), based on a death resulting from the use of the controlled substances, and both parties reserve the right to argue their position on this issue at the sentencing.

The parties agree they are free to present arguments regarding the applicability of all other provisions of the United States Sentencing Guidelines. Defendant understands, however, that at the time of sentencing, the Court is free to reject these stipulated adjustments, and is further free to apply additional downward or upward adjustments in determining Defendant's Sentencing Guidelines range.

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- 11. Acceptance of Responsibility. The United States acknowledges that if Defendant qualifies for an acceptance of responsibility adjustment pursuant to USSG § 3E1.1(a), Defendant's offense level should be decreased by two levels because Defendant has clearly demonstrated acceptance of responsibility by timely notifying the authorities of Defendant's intention to plead guilty, thereby permitting the United States to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the Court to allocate its resources efficiently.
- 12. Recommendation Regarding Imprisonment. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(B), the United States will recommend a term of imprisonment no greater than forty-eight (48) months. The defendant understands and acknowledges that this recommendation is not binding upon the Court and that the Court is free to impose any sentence up to the statutory maximums. The defendant may not withdraw his guilty plea solely because of the sentence imposed by the Court. Except as otherwise provided in this plea agreement, the parties are free to present arguments regarding any other aspect of sentencing.
- 13. **Forfeiture**. The Defendant understands that the forfeiture of property is part of the sentence that must be imposed in this case. The Defendant agrees to forfeit to the United States immediately his right, title, and interest in all property that constitutes or is traceable to proceeds of his commission of Distribution of Fentanyl, as charged in Count 3 of the Indictment, in violation of Title 21 U.S.C. Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(C), as well as any property that facilitated that offense. All such property is forfeitable pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853.

The Defendant agrees to fully assist the United States in the forfeiture of any forfeitable property and to take whatever steps are necessary to pass clear title to the United States, including but not limited to: surrendering title and executing any documents necessary to effect forfeiture; assisting in bringing any property located outside the United States within the jurisdiction of the United States; and taking whatever steps are necessary to ensure that property subject to forfeiture is not sold, disbursed, wasted, hidden, or otherwise made unavailable for forfeiture. The Defendant agrees not

to file a claim to any of this property in any federal forfeiture proceeding, administrative or judicial, that may be or has been initiated, or to otherwise contest any federal forfeiture proceeding that may be or has been initiated. The Defendant also agrees he will not assist any party who may file a claim to this property in any federal forfeiture proceeding.

The United States reserves its right to proceed against any remaining property not identified in this Plea Agreement, including any property in which the Defendant has any interest or control, if that property constitutes or is traceable to proceeds of his commission of Distribution of Fentanyl, or facilitated his commission of that offense.

- 14. **Abandonment of Contraband**. Defendant also agrees that, if any federal law enforcement agency seized any illegal contraband that was in Defendant's direct or indirect control, Defendant consents to the federal administrative disposition, official use, and/or destruction of that contraband.
- 15. Non-Prosecution of Additional Offenses. As part of this Plea Agreement, the United States Attorney's Office for the Western District of Washington agrees not to prosecute Defendant for any additional offenses known to it as of the time of this Plea Agreement based upon evidence in its possession at this time, and that arise out of the conduct giving rise to this investigation. In this regard, Defendant recognizes the United States has agreed not to prosecute all of the criminal charges the evidence establishes were committed by Defendant solely because of the promises made by Defendant in this Plea Agreement. Defendant agrees, however, that for purposes of preparing the Presentence Report, the United States Attorney's Office will provide the United States Probation Office with evidence of all conduct committed by Defendant.

Defendant agrees that any charges to be dismissed before or at the time of sentencing were substantially justified in light of the evidence available to the United States, were not vexatious, frivolous or taken in bad faith, and do not provide Defendant with a basis for any future claims under the "Hyde Amendment," Pub. L. No. 105-119 (1997).

Defendant breaches this Plea Agreement, the United States may withdraw from this Plea Agreement and Defendant may be prosecuted for all offenses for which the United States has evidence. Defendant agrees not to oppose any steps taken by the United States to nullify this Plea Agreement, including the filing of a motion to withdraw from the Plea Agreement. Defendant also agrees that, if Defendant is in breach of this Plea Agreement, Defendant has waived any objection to the re-institution of any charges that previously were dismissed or any additional charges that had not been prosecuted.

Defendant further understands that if, after the date of this Agreement, Defendant should engage in illegal conduct, or conduct that violates any conditions of release or the conditions of confinement (examples of which include, but are not limited to, obstruction of justice, failure to appear for a court proceeding, criminal conduct while pending sentencing, and false statements to law enforcement agents, the Pretrial Services Officer, Probation Officer, or Court), the United States is free under this Plea Agreement to file additional charges against Defendant or to seek a sentence that takes such conduct into consideration by requesting the Court to apply additional adjustments or enhancements in its Sentencing Guidelines calculations in order to increase the applicable advisory Guidelines range, and/or by seeking an upward departure or variance from the calculated advisory Guidelines range. Under these circumstances, the United States is free to seek such adjustments, enhancements, departures, and/or variances even if otherwise precluded by the terms of the Plea Agreement.

17. Waiver of Appellate Rights and Rights to Collateral Attacks.

Defendant acknowledges that, by entering the guilty plea(s) required by this plea agreement, Defendant waives all rights to appeal from Defendant's conviction, and any pretrial rulings of the Court, and any rulings of the Court made prior to entry of the judgment of conviction. Defendant further agrees that, in light of the government's promise not to pursue a statutory penalty enhancement and provided the Court imposes a

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custodial sentence that is 48 months or below, Defendant waives to the full extent of the law:

- a. Any right conferred by Title 18, United States Code, Section 3742, to challenge, on direct appeal, the sentence imposed by the Court, including any fine, restitution order, probation or supervised release conditions, or forfeiture order (if applicable); and
- b. Any right to bring a collateral attack against the conviction and sentence, including any restitution order imposed, except as it may relate to the effectiveness of legal representation; and

This waiver does not preclude Defendant from bringing an appropriate motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241, to address the conditions of Defendant's confinement or the decisions of the Bureau of Prisons regarding the execution of Defendant's sentence.

If Defendant breaches this Plea Agreement at any time by appealing or collaterally attacking (except as to effectiveness of legal representation) the conviction or sentence in any way, the United States may prosecute Defendant for any counts, including those with mandatory minimum sentences, that were dismissed or not charged pursuant to this Plea Agreement.

- 18. Voluntariness of Plea. Defendant agrees that Defendant has entered into this Plea Agreement freely and voluntarily, and that no threats or promises were made to induce Defendant to enter a plea of guilty other than the promises contained in this Plea Agreement or set forth on the record at the change of plea hearing in this matter.
- 19. **Statute of Limitations**. In the event this Plea Agreement is not accepted by the Court for any reason, or Defendant breaches any of the terms of this Plea Agreement, the statute of limitations shall be deemed to have been tolled from the date of the Plea Agreement to: (1) thirty (30) days following the date of non-acceptance of the Plea Agreement by the Court; or (2) thirty (30) days following the date on which a breach of the Plea Agreement by Defendant is discovered by the United States Attorney's Office.

Assistant United States Attorney Assistant United States Attorney